# **Key Ideas**

### **Educational Achievement**

# Educational Achievement

#### **Patterns and Inequalities (UK trends)**

- Class: upper / middle achieve more (all levels)
- Gender: Females achieve more (up to A-level)
- Ethnicity: Whites, Asians achieve more (all levels)
- Afro-Caribbean females achieve more than Working class males
- Region: Affluent areas achieve more / inner cities achieve least
- Life Chances (Weber)
- Relationship between educational achievement and work (by class, gender, ethnic group). Social networks (especially upper / middle class)
- University entrance (upper / middle class dominated)
- Public schools and Oxbridge entrance
- Cultural Capital (family, education, wealth, etc.).
- Meritocracy and equality opportunity (Davis and Moore thesis)
- Correspondence Theory (Reproduction of inequalities)
- IQ (genetic basis of intelligence?): Problems of definition / measurement.
- Academic / Vocational divide
- Education for adult life or Training for work?

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#### Theories and Explanations: Non-school factors

Material:

**Key Ideas** 

- ✓ Material deprivation (Poverty, Income, Employment, Diet, etc.)
- ✓ Employment opportunities
- Cultural:
- Cultural deprivation (and compensatory education: Halsey)
- Cultural difference
- Cultural Capital (Bourdieu)
- Language (Bernstein)
- Positional theory (Boudon, Banks)
- Family (parental attitudes class, gender and ethnicity: Douglas)
- Primary socialisation (especially related to single-parent families / males / females)
- Perceptions of employment opportunities
- Patriarchal ideologies and relationships
- Racism / Sexism

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#### **School factors**

- Material: School (region, condition)
- Cultural:
- Labelling theory / self-fulfilling prophecy
- Streaming / Banding / Setting
- Class, gender, ethnic background
- Formal Curriculum (middle class knowledge)
- Hidden curriculum
- Anti-school subcultures (Male: Willis / Female: Lees)
- Language and textbooks (anti-female / black bias)
- Gender relationships (teacher -pupil / pupil-pupil)
- Gendered curriculum (patriarchal)
- Teacher expectations, attitudes and behaviour (Nash)
- Single / Dual sex schooling
- Examination and skill changes (GCSE, A-level, Coursework)
- Changing attitudes to / expectations of work (males and females)

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